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Area Manager

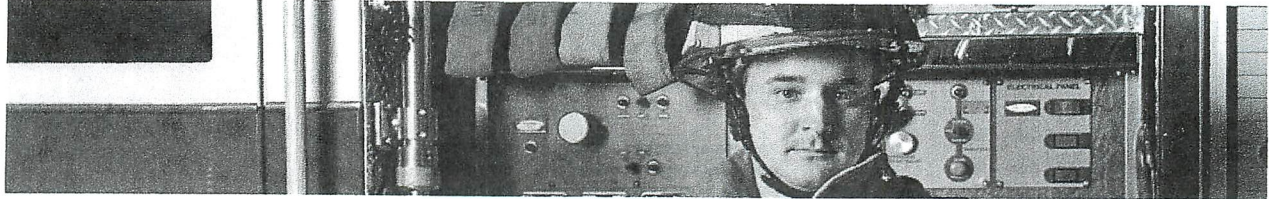
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Pipelines In Your Community

Are you prepared to respond to a pipeline leak or rupture?

Ensure the safety of your community by familiarizing yourself with the location of pipelines and by knowing how to identify, respond to and prevent a pipeline leak or rupture.

Kinder Morgan has a solid safety record and is prepared to respond to and manage any disruptions that may occur. However, a pipeline incident can be dangerous and requires caution and immediate action.

In emergency situations, Kinder Morgan's priorities are the same as yours—protect life, property and the environment.

In addition to 24-hour monitoring and ongoing safety and security procedures, Kinder Morgan relies on local government and safety officials to notify Kinder Morgan when you observe potential right-of-way restriction violations or potential damage to our facilities, which could endanger public safety.

Kinder Morgan actively promotes the use of the "Pipeline Emergencies Training Program" developed by the National Association of State Fire Marshals (NASFM) and the Pipeline & Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA). Order a free copy or take their online training.

- ▶ Recognizing A Pipeline Leak
- ▶ Incident Response Tactics
- ▶ Potential Hazards During A Pipeline Incident
- ▶ Locating Pipelines
- ▶ Protecting Pipelines & Right-of-Way
- ▶ Submit HCA Information

Learn More:

- Pipeline Safety Fact Sheet
- Responder E-newsletter
- Pipeline Maps
- Pipeline Markers
- Call 811 Before You Dig - State/Province Specific Information
- Emergency Contact Numbers

[Contact Us](#) | [Legal Disclaimer](#) | [Site Map](#)

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Emergency Contact Numbers

When calling a non-toll free number, call collect.

In the United States

Natural Gas		
Bear Creek Storage Company		800-252-5960
Cheyenne Plains Gas Pipeline Company		877-712-2288
Colorado Interstate Gas		877-712-2288
Copano Field Services/Copano Bay		855-737-9555
Copano Field Services/North Texas		855-737-9555
Copano Pipelines/South Texas		855-737-9555
Copano Pipelines/Upper Gulf Coast		855-737-9555
El Paso Natural Gas Company LLC		800-334-8047
KinderHawk Field Services LLC		866-775-5784
KM Altamont LLC		800-568-7512
KM Louisiana Pipeline LLC		800-733-2490
KM North Texas Pipeline		800-633-0184
KM Tejas Pipeline LLC		800-568-7512
KM Texas Pipeline LLC		800-633-0184
Midcontinent Express Pipeline LLC		800-733-2490
Mojave Pipeline		800-334-8047
Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America LLC		800-733-2490
Ruby Pipeline LLC		877-712-2288
Scissortail Energy LLC (Copano Energy)		855-737-9555
Southern Dome LLC		855-737-9555
Southern Natural Gas Company		800-252-5960
Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company		800-231-2800
TransColorado Gas Transmission Company LLC		800-944-4817
Wyoming Interstate Company		877-712-2288

Products		
CalNev Pipe Line LLC		714-560-4411
Camino Real Gathering Company LLC		855-465-7080
Central Florida Pipeline Company		800-537-8832
Colorado Interstate Gas		877-712-2288
Copano NGL Services (Markham) LLC		855-737-9555
Copano NGL Services LLC		855-737-9555
Cypress Interstate Pipeline LLC		800-265-6000
Kinder Morgan Cochin LLC		800-265-6000
Kinder Morgan Southeast Terminals LLC		800-510-5678
Plantation Pipe Line Company		800-510-5678
SFPP, LP		714-560-4411
West Coast Terminal Pipeline		714-560-4411







CO2		
Kinder Morgan CO2 Company, LP		877-390-8640


Crude		
Double Eagle Pipeline LLC		800-265-6000
Kinder Morgan Crude and Condensate LLC		800-265-6000
Kinder Morgan Wink Pipeline, LLC		866-784-6494
Trans Mountain Pipeline (Puget Sound) LLC		888-876-6711

Liquid Terminals		
Kinder Morgan Liquids Terminals LLC		
Argo, Illinois		866-499-2746
Carteret, New Jersey		732-541-5161
Galena Park, Texas		713-455-1231
Pasadena, Texas		713-475-9235
Perth Amboy, New Jersey		732-826-1144
St. Gabriel, Louisiana		877-217-5243

In Canada		
Trans Mountain and Puget Sound		888-876-6711
Cochin (Canada)		800-265-6000

**APWA UNIFORM COLOR CODE
FOR MARKING
UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES**

	WHITE - Proposed Excavation
	PINK - Temporary Survey Markings
	RED - Electric Power Lines, Cables, Conduit And Lighting Cables
	YELLOW - Gas, Oil, Steam, Petroleum Or Gaseous Materials
	ORANGE - Communication, Alarm Or Signal Lines, Cables Or Conduit
	BLUE - Potable Water
	PURPLE - Reclaimed Water, Irrigation And Slurry Lines
	GREEN - Sewers And Drain Lines

 **CALL BEFORE YOU DIG!**



Kinder Morgan is committed to your safety as well as the safety of the public, the environment, and the pipelines we operate.

In order to accomplish this we must develop a partnership built on communication and trust. When you call 811 and request a One Call ticket, we will evaluate the location of our pipelines and provide clear markings of the location of any assets we have in the area or communicate to you that your excavation is not in conflict with the location of our pipelines. If necessary, we will even meet you on site to discuss any concerns you have about operating your equipment safely around our pipelines. We feel very strongly that your goals and ours are closely aligned and want nothing more than you to accomplish your work quickly and safely.

LOCAL CONTACT INFORMATION:

**Line Rider Cell Phone:
503-209-4572**

**24 Hour Control Room in
Portland OR: 503-224-3390**

**24 Hour Control Room in
Orange CA: 714-560-4411**

Since Kinder Morgan operates pipelines that carry Liquid Petroleum, Natural gas, CO₂, and other hazardous material, we may have several pipelines in the area that must be marked by different employees, so be sure to check your one call ticket and ensure that each facility owner listed responds with markings or a confirmation that there is no conflict with your proposed work.

You may also contact your local One Call facility by calling 811 with any questions you may have but always call before you dig.



**It took years to build
a Farm or Ranch...**



**It takes ONE CALL
to keep it safe!**

Important information about working, digging, cultivating, and other Farm or Ranch activity that happens near Pipelines.

For more information, please visit
WWW.KINDERMORGAN.COM/PUBLIC_AWARENESS

PIPELINES NEAR YOUR FARM OR RANCH

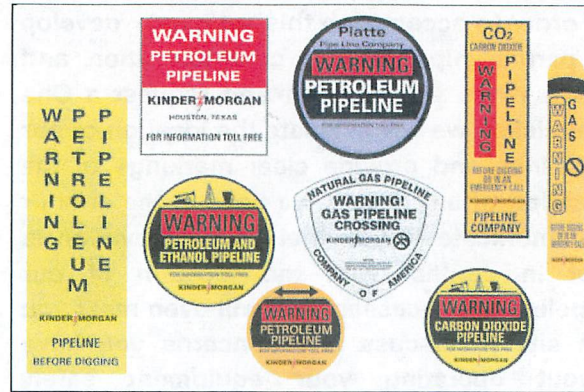


Do you always call One-Call before initiating any type of deep excavation or related activity?

Farm and ranch equipment is a common source of pipeline damage and can cause loss of life and property. Deep excavation activity including plowing, tilling, terracing, subsoiling or installing a fence can endanger underground pipelines. Farmers and ranchers can protect their family, employees and property by verifying the location of pipelines before excavating and by knowing how to identify, respond to and prevent a leak or rupture.

To identify the exact location of a pipeline before digging, call 811 to reach your local One-Call Center.

Pipeline markers are located along the pipeline route, at road and railroad crossings and at all aboveground facilities. Markers identify the general area but not the exact location or depth of the pipeline. They specify the type of product we transport, the operator's name and an emergency contact number. Never guess where a pipeline is located or how deep it is below the surface of the ground. Even if you know the general location of the pipeline, the ground above may have changed, exposing the pipeline to damage during excavation activities. Farm and ranch equipment is a common cause of pipeline leaks and ruptures and can cause loss of life and property.



Common Pipeline Markers

Some examples of farm activities that can endanger pipelines include:

Chisel plowing, deep ripping, sub-soiling, creek maintenance, cleaning out drainage ditches, building waterways, tree and stump removal, setting posts, terrace projects, and drain tile installation.

Always call your local One-Call center at 811 and request to have pipelines and underground utilities marked at least two or three working days before you plow, till, terrace, subsoil, install a fence or initiate any deep excavation activity. Refer to your state-specific One-Call laws for more information. One-Call is a free service and may or may not require a pipeline representative to visit you at your farm or ranch. If a visit is required, a Kinder Morgan Representative will contact you.

Although rare, pipeline leaks can be dangerous and require caution and immediate action to protect people, property and the environment.

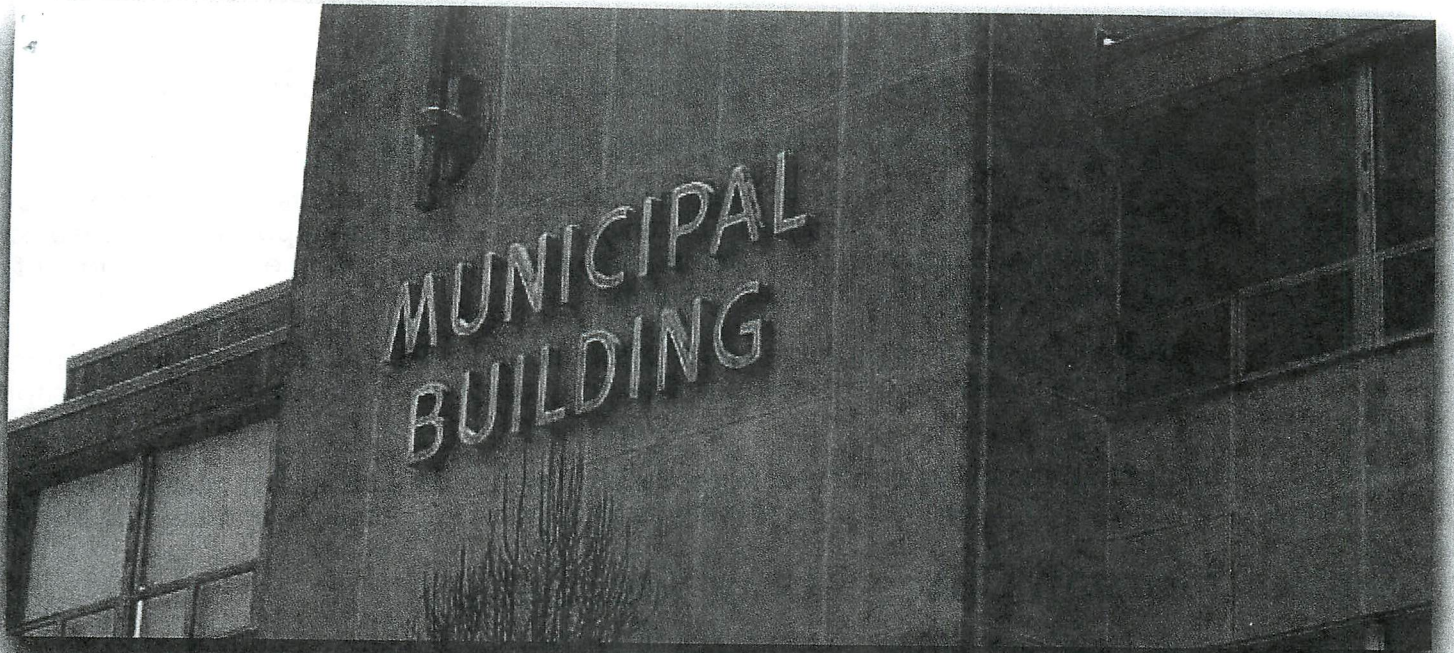
Signs of a potential pipeline leak include:

- Dead vegetation, liquid on the ground near the pipeline, dirt being blown into the air, fire or a dense white cloud or fog
- Hissing or roaring sound
- Strong petroleum scent or other pungent odor such as sulfur (rotten eggs)

If you suspect a leak or a leak occurs:

- Leave the area immediately in an upwind direction and warn others to stay away
- If near a school, evacuate students and staff from the area immediately as outlined in your emergency response plan
- Do not light a match, start an engine, use a cell phone or turn on/off any electrical appliances
- Once you are a safe distance away from the potential leak use a telephone or cell phone to call 911 and Kinder Morgan
- Do not drive into an area where you suspect a leak, and do not touch or operate pipeline valves

If you accidentally damage or hit the Kinder Morgan pipeline or damage a pipeline marker, contact us immediately. All dents, scrapes or other damage need to be assessed and repaired to prevent a future leak or serious accident.



Pipeline Safety Information

Critical Information for Public Officials



FOR MORE INFORMATION PLEASE VISIT
WWW.KINDERMORGAN.COM/PUBLIC_AWARENESS

Kinder Morgan Hazardous Liquids & CO2 Pipelines In Your Community

Every day, more than two million miles of pipelines crisscross the United States safely transporting energy products. Pipelines are the backbone of our nation's energy transportation infrastructure. According to the National Transportation Safety Board, pipelines are the safest mode of fuel transportation, both for the public and the environment.

Kinder Morgan is one of the largest pipeline operators in the United States and operates in numerous states. We have a strong safety record and are prepared to respond to and manage any disruptions that may occur.

Although rare, pipeline incidents can be dangerous and require caution and immediate action. In emergency situations, Kinder Morgan's priority is to protect life, property and the environment.

Kinder Morgan Cares About Your Safety

We want you to be aware of our pipelines and ask for your help in preventing damage to pipelines. Kinder Morgan supports the Nation's Homeland Security efforts and encourages you to immediately report any suspicious persons and/or activities near the pipeline to your local law enforcement authorities by calling 911.

Pipeline Safety Procedures & 24/7 Monitoring

Kinder Morgan monitors its pipeline system 24-hours a day from its state-of-the-art System Control Center. We ensure public safety and safe pipeline operations through employee training, regular testing, aerial and right-of-way foot patrols and adherence to our comprehensive Integrity Management plan and procedures.

Using remote monitoring technology within the pipeline system, we can quickly detect changes in pressure or volume and can shutdown and reroute sections of the pipeline. In addition, our aboveground facilities, such as pumping stations and storage tanks, may be equipped with emergency shutdown features and fire suppression technology.

These measures demonstrate Kinder Morgan's commitment to safe pipeline operation and our dedication to the communities where we live and work. Kinder Morgan communicates and shares information with the appropriate Emergency Officials in your community. If you wish to obtain additional information about our Emergency Preparedness Communications, or for more information about Kinder Morgan and our efforts to ensure safe pipeline operations, visit www.kindermorgan.com/public_awareness.



Working Together To Protect Pipelines & Right-of-Ways

In addition to 24-hour monitoring and on-going safety and security procedures, Kinder Morgan relies on public and government officials to alert the company about upcoming changes to roadways, bridges, zoning and other capital projects. Advanced notice allows Kinder Morgan to work together with community planning committees and land use personnel to address impact to the pipeline or right-of-way.

Kinder Morgan requests that you, public and government officials, notify us when you observe potential right-of-way restriction violations or potential damage to our facilities, which could endanger public safety. We support your enforcement of "Call Before You Dig" requirements in states where they apply.

Excavation activity is the most common cause of serious pipeline damage. In most states, residents, excavators and farmers are required by law to call 811 or their local One-Call center at least two or three working days before starting an excavation project to have underground utilities marked. Best practices encourage highway maintenance personnel and municipalities to call 811 before excavating.

Unauthorized building or planting in the pipeline right-of-way is known as encroachment. Kinder Morgan regularly conducts maintenance to trim trees and remove shrubs or structures that prohibit the company from clearly viewing the pipeline corridor during aerial or foot patrols and regular maintenance activities.

Please contact us if you know of places where trees, plants or structures are located on the pipeline right-of-way or if you see individuals digging in areas where underground utilities are not marked.

Locating Pipelines In Your Community

Pipeline markers are located along the right-of-way, at road intersections, waterways, railroad crossings and all above ground facilities. Markers identify the area, but not the exact location or depth of the pipeline. Markers specify the type of product transported, the operator's name and emergency contact number.

The federal government also provides maps that show the approximate location of transmission pipelines in your community through the **National Pipeline Mapping System** at www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov. Government and safety officials can access additional information and download electronic files to import into emergency preparedness GIS mapping systems.

Land Use Planning and Transmission Pipelines

Construction activity near transmission pipelines increases the risk of excavation damage. The risk of being affected by a transmission pipeline incident depends on the distance from the pipeline.

Over the past 70 years, a nationwide pipeline system has been constructed to transport natural gas, CO₂ and petroleum products. Subsequent growth of communities has converted many of these areas to housing developments, shopping centers and business parks.

The proximity of people to pipelines poses significant safety challenges that are of concern to all stakeholders, including property developers, planning organizations, Local, State, and Federal officials, first responders and the public.

Care must be taken to protect people and the environment from the impacts of pipeline incidents and to prevent damage to transmission pipelines that can result from right-of-way encroachment and careless excavation.

For more information regarding land use planning near pipelines, please visit:
<http://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/comm/pipa/landuseplanning.htm>.

Leak Recognition & Response

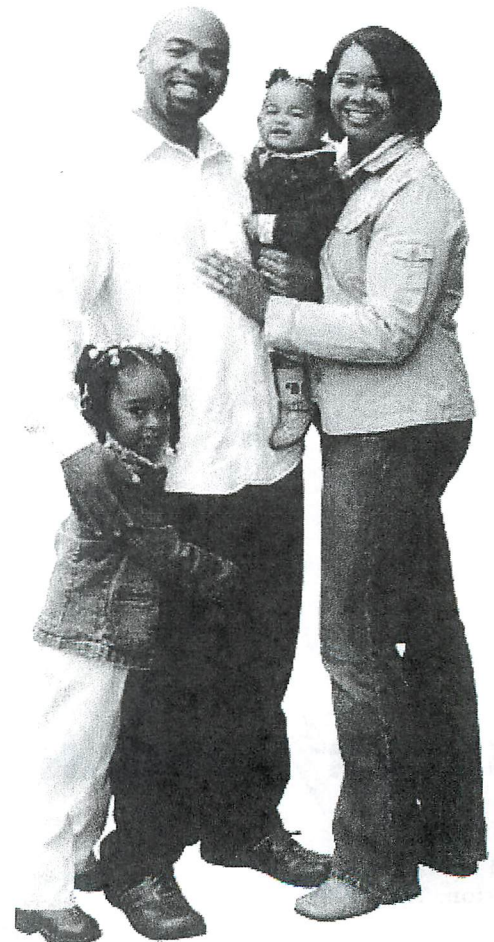
Although rare, pipeline incidents can be dangerous and require caution and immediate action.

Know the signs of a leak:

- Dead vegetation, liquid on the ground near the pipeline, dirt being blown into the air, fire or a dense white cloud or fog
- Hissing or roaring sound
- Strong petroleum-like odor or a mild fragrant odor

If a leak occurs:

- Leave the area immediately in an upwind direction and warn others to stay away.
- Do not light a match, start an engine, use a telephone or cell phone or turn on/off any electrical appliances, and avoid potential ignition sources which may cause an explosion or fire.
- Once you are a safe distance away from the potential leak, call 911 to engage local emergency response officials and Kinder Morgan.
- Do not drive into an area where you suspect a leak or vapor cloud, and do not touch or operate pipeline valves.
- Avoid making contact with escaping liquids or vapors as potential hazards may include eye, skin and respiratory irritation and the product may be highly flammable.



Kinder Morgan (KM) Emergency Contact Numbers

Números de emergencia de Kinder Morgan:

Products

Pacific

714-560-4411

- CalNev Pipe Line Company
- SFPP, LP
- West Coast Terminals LLC

Mid-Continent

800-265-6000

- Cypress Interstate Pipeline
- KM Cochin

Southeast

800-537-8832

- Central Florida Pipeline Company

800-510-5678

- KM Southeast Terminals
- Parkway Pipeline
- Plantation Pipe Line Company

Texas Intrastate

855-737-9555

- Copano NGL Services (Markham) LLC
- Copano NGL Services LP

855-465-7080

- Camino Real Gathering Company

Wyoming

877-712-2288

- Colorado Interstate Gas

CO2

Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas

877-390-8640

- KM CO2 Company

Crude

Texas

800-265-6000

- KM Crude and Condensate
- Double Eagle Pipeline

866-784-6494

- KM Wink Pipeline

Washington State

888-876-6711

- Trans Mountain Pipeline (Puget Sound)

Liquid Terminals

- KM Liquids Terminals LLC

**Argo, Illinois
866-499-2746**

**Carteret, New Jersey
732-541-5161**

**Galena Park, Texas
713-455-1231**

**Pasadena, Texas
713-475-9235**

**Perth Amboy, New Jersey
732-826-1144**

**St. Gabriel, Louisiana
877-217-5243**

**Corporate Headquarters
NON-EMERGENCY INQUIRIES ONLY
713-420-5111**



**Know what's below.
Call before you dig.**

KINDER MORGAN

1001 Louisiana St
Houston, TX 77002

Kinder Morgan's Public Awareness Program; developed under the guidance of federal public awareness, damage prevention and integrity management regulation; is a single administered program for all applicable business units or entities. The Program is administered by Kinder Morgan's DOT Technical Working Group. For more information regarding Kinder Morgan's Public Awareness Program visit www.kindermorgan.com/public_awareness.

Kinder Morgan Hazardous Liquids & CO2 Pipelines In Your Community

Every day, more than two million miles of pipelines crisscross the United States safely transporting energy products. Pipelines are the backbone of our nation's energy transportation infrastructure. According to the National Transportation Safety Board, pipelines are the safest mode of fuel transportation, both for the public and the environment.

Kinder Morgan is one of the largest pipeline operators in the United States and operates in numerous states. We have a strong safety record and are prepared to respond to and manage any disruptions that may occur.

Although rare, pipeline incidents can be dangerous and require caution and immediate action. In emergency situations, Kinder Morgan's priority is to protect life, property and the environment.

Kinder Morgan Cares About Your Safety

We want you to be aware of our pipelines and ask for your help in preventing damage to pipelines. Kinder Morgan supports the Nation's Homeland Security efforts and encourages you to immediately report any suspicious persons and/or activities near the pipeline to your local law enforcement authorities by calling 911.

Emergency Contact Numbers:

When calling a non-toll free number, call collect.

Products

CallNew
Pipe Line
Company
714-560-4411
Central Florida
Pipeline Company
800-510-5678
Kinder Morgan
Cochin LLC
800-265-6000

Southeast

Terminals LLC
800-510-5678
West Coast
Terminals LLC
714-560-4411

Liquid Terminals

Kinder Morgan
Liquids
Terminals LLC
Argo, Illinois
866-499-2746

CO2

Kinder Morgan
CO2 Company, LP
877-390-8640

Crude

Kinder Morgan
Energy Partners, LP
(Cypress Pipeline)
800-265-6000
Plantation
Pipe Line
Company
800-510-5678
SFPP, LP
714-560-4411

Carteret, New Jersey
732-541-5161
Galena Park, Texas
713-455-1231

Pasadena, Texas
713-475-9235

Perth Amboy,
New Jersey
732-826-1144

St. Gabriel, Louisiana
877-217-5243

Corporate Headquarters

NON-EMERGENCY
INQUIRIES ONLY
713-369-9000

KINDER MORGAN

500 Dallas St.
Suite 1000
Houston, TX 77002

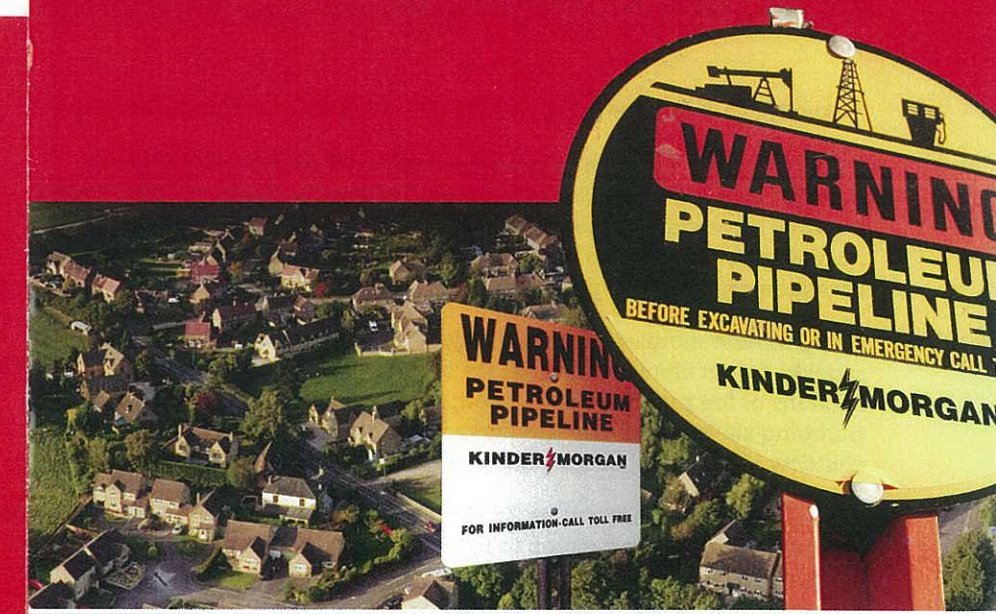
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PERMIT 4883

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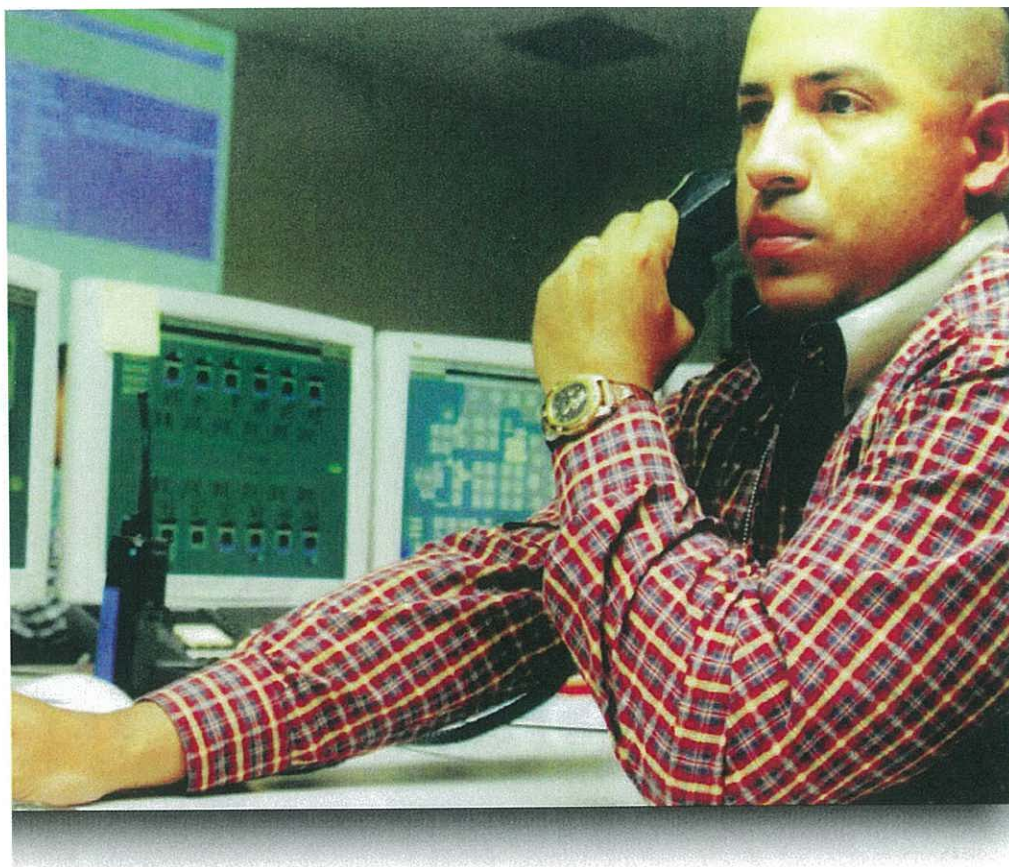
Pipeline Safety Information

Critical Information for Public Officials



FOR MORE INFORMATION PLEASE VISIT
WWW.KINDERMORGAN.COM/PUBLIC_AWARENESS





Pipeline Safety Procedures & 24/7 Monitoring

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Working Together To Protect Pipelines & Right-of-Ways

In addition to 24-hour monitoring and on-going safety and security procedures, Kinder Morgan relies on public and government officials to alert the company about upcoming changes to roadways, bridges, zoning and other capital projects. Advanced notice allows Kinder Morgan to work together with community planning committees and land use personnel to address impact to the pipeline or right-of-way.

Kinder Morgan requests that you, public and government officials, notify us when you observe potential right-of-way restriction violations or potential damage to our facilities, which could endanger public safety. We support your enforcement of "Call Before You Dig" requirements in states where they apply.

Excavation activity is the most common cause of serious pipeline damage. In most states, residents, excavators and farmers are required by law to call 811 or their local One-Call center at least two or three working days before starting an excavation project to have underground utilities marked. Best practices encourage highway maintenance personnel and municipalities to call 811 before excavating.

Unauthorized building or planting in the pipeline right-of-way is known as encroachment. Kinder Morgan regularly conducts maintenance to trim trees and remove shrubs or structures that prohibit the company from clearly viewing the pipeline corridor during aerial or foot patrols and regular maintenance activities.

Please contact us if you know of places where trees, plants or structures are located on the pipeline right-of-way or if you see individuals digging in areas where underground utilities are not marked.

Locating Pipelines In Your Community

Pipeline markers are located along the right-of-way, at road intersections, waterways, railroad crossings and all above ground facilities. They identify the general area but not the exact location of the pipe. Markers specify the type of product transported, the operator's name and emergency contact number.

The federal government also provides maps that show the approximate location of transmission pipelines in your community through the **National Pipeline Mapping System** at www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov. Government and safety officials can access additional information and download electronic files to import into emergency preparedness GIS mapping systems.



Land Use Planning and Transmission Pipelines

Construction activity near transmission pipelines increases the risk of excavation damage. The risk of being affected by a transmission pipeline incident depends on the distance from the pipeline.

Over the past 70 years, a nationwide pipeline system has been constructed to transport natural gas, CO2 and petroleum products. Subsequent growth of communities has converted many of these areas to housing developments, shopping centers and business parks.

The proximity of people to pipelines poses significant safety challenges that are of concern to all stakeholders, including property developers, planning organizations, Local, State, and Federal officials, first responders and the public.

Care must be taken to protect people and the environment from the impacts of pipeline incidents and to prevent damage to transmission pipelines that can result from right-of-way encroachment and careless excavation.

For more information regarding land use planning near pipelines, please visit: <http://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/comm/pipa/landuseplanning.htm>

Leak Recognition & Response

Although rare, pipeline incidents can be dangerous and require caution and immediate action.

Know the signs of a leak:

- Dead vegetation, liquid on the ground near the pipeline, dirt being blown into the air, fire or a dense white cloud or fog
- Hissing or roaring sound
- Strong petroleum like odor or a mild fragrant odor

If a leak occurs:

- Leave the area immediately in an upwind direction and warn others to stay away.
- Do not light a match, start an engine, use a telephone or cell phone or turn on/off any electrical appliances, and avoid potential ignition sources which may cause an explosion or fire.
- Once you are a safe distance away from the potential leak, call 911 to engage local emergency response officials and Kinder Morgan.
- Do not drive into an area where you suspect a leak or vapor cloud, and do not touch or operate pipeline valves.
- Avoid making contact with escaping liquids or vapors as potential hazards may include eye, skin and respiratory irritation and the product may be highly flammable.

Basic Pipeline Information

Kinder Morgan's pipelines are typically underground, but they are located aboveground in select climates and at compressor stations, pumping stations, valve sites and terminals.

Kinder Morgan operates pipelines in your community. Pipeline's are the backbone of our nation's energy transportation infrastructure. According to the National Transportation Safety Board, pipelines are the safest mode of fuel transportation, both for the public and the environment.

Pipelines are constructed in a corridor of land called the **pipeline right-of-way** that includes the land over and around the pipeline, typically 25 feet on each side. Right-of-way agreements limit how the corridor is used to protect the pipeline and allow operators to monitor and inspect the pipeline.

Kinder Morgan monitors its pipeline system 24-hours a day from its state-of-the-art System Control Center. We ensure public safety and safe pipeline operations through employee training, regular testing, aerial and right-of-way foot patrols and adherence to our comprehensive Integrity Management plan and procedures.

There are three primary types of pipelines: gathering, transmission and distribution. **Gathering pipelines** transport natural gas, CO2 and petroleum products from the wellhead and production areas to processing facilities. **Transmission pipelines**, like those operated by Kinder Morgan, transport natural gas, CO2 and hazardous liquids to marketing and distribution terminals. Transmission pipelines are typically large, high-pressure pipelines.

Distribution systems for natural gas and hazardous liquids differ. Liquids products are stored and transported to their final destination by tanker trucks. Natural Gas is transported from storage locations to residential and business customers by smaller, low-pressure pipelines.

Locating Pipelines in Your Community

Pipeline markers are located along the right-of-way, at road intersections, waterways, railroad crossings and all aboveground facilities. These signs identify the general area but not the exact location of the pipeline. They specify the type of product transported, the operator's name and emergency contact number.

The federal government provides access to maps of transmission pipelines in your community through the **National Pipeline Mapping System** at www.npms.dhmsa.dot.gov. Government and safety officials can access additional information and download electronic files to import into emergency preparedness GIS mapping systems.

Please ensure that the following phone numbers are included in your emergency contact system

When calling a non-toll free number, call collect.

Natural Gas

KinderHawk Field Services LLC
866-775-5784

KM Interstate Gas Transmission
888-763-3690

KM Louisiana Pipeline
800-733-2490

KM North Texas Pipeline
800-633-0184

KM Tejas Pipeline
800-568-7512

KM Texas Pipeline
800-633-0184

Midcontinent Express Pipeline
800-733-2490

Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America
800-733-2490

Rockies Express Pipeline LLC
877-436-2253

Trailblazer Pipeline Company
800-733-2490

TransColorado Gas Transmission
800-944-4817

Products

CalNev Pipe Line Company
714-560-4411

Central Florida Pipeline Company
800-510-5678

Kinder Morgan Cochin LLC
800-265-6000

Kinder Morgan Energy Partners, LP (Cypress Pipeline)
800-265-6000

Plantation Pipe Line Company
800-510-5678

SFPP, LP
714-560-4411

Southeast Terminals LLC
800-510-5678

West Coast Terminals LLC
714-560-4411

CO2

Kinder Morgan CO2 Company, LP
877-390-8640

Crude

Kinder Morgan Pipelines (USA) Inc.
888-449-7539

Kinder Morgan Wink Pipeline, LP
866-784-6494

Trans Mountain Pipeline (Puget Sound) LLC
888-876-6711

Liquid Terminals

Kinder Morgan Liquids Terminals LLC

Argo, Illinois
866-499-2746

Carteret, New Jersey
732-541-5161

Galena Park, Texas
713-455-1231

Pasadena, Texas
713-475-9235

Perth Amboy, New Jersey
732-826-1144

St. Gabriel, Louisiana
877-217-5243

Corporate Headquarters

NON-EMERGENCY INQUIRIES ONLY
500 Dallas St., Suite 1000
Houston, TX 77002
713-369-9000

PIPELINE SAFETY INFORMATION

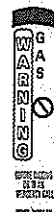
for Emergency Response Officials

FOR MORE INFORMATION PLEASE VISIT
WWW.KINDERMORGAN.COM/PUBLIC_AWARENESS

Keep with emergency response training and reference materials.

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KINDER MORGAN
PIPELINE
BEFORE DIGGING



Examples of Kinder Morgan pipeline markers.

Kinder Morgan's Public Awareness Program, developed under the guidance of federal public awareness, damage prevention and integrity management regulation, is a single administered program for all applicable business units or entities. The Program is administered by Kinder Morgan's DOT Technical Working Group. For more information regarding Kinder Morgan's Public Awareness Program, visit www.kindermorgan.com/public_awareness.

Kinder Morgan Cares About Your Safety

We want you to be aware of our pipelines and ask for your help in preventing damage to pipelines. Kinder Morgan supports the Nation's Homeland Security efforts and encourages you to immediately report any suspicious persons and/or activities near the pipeline to your local law enforcement authorities by calling 911.

Working Together To Protect Pipelines & Right-of-Ways

In addition to 24-hour monitoring and on-going safety and security procedures, Kinder Morgan relies on you, the local emergency responder, to notify Kinder Morgan when you observe potential right-of-way restriction violations or potential damage to our facilities, which could endanger public safety. We support your enforcement of "Call Before You Dig" requirements in states where they apply.

Excavation activity is the most common cause of serious pipeline damage. In most states, residents, excavators and farmers are required by law to call 811 or their local One-Call center at least two or three working days before starting an excavation project to have underground utilities marked. Refer to your state-specific One-Call laws for more information.

Unauthorized use, such as building or planting, in the pipeline right-of-way is known as encroachment. Kinder Morgan regularly conducts maintenance to trim trees and remove shrubs or structures that prohibit the company from clearly viewing the pipeline corridor during aerial or foot patrols and regular maintenance activities.

Please contact us if you know of places where trees, plants or structures are located on the pipeline right-of-way or if you see individuals digging in areas where underground utilities are not marked with flags.

Signs of a Pipeline Leak or Rupture

The following are indications of a possible pipeline leak:

- Brown or discolored vegetation amid healthy plants
- Dirt being blown into the air
- Colorful sheens on water surfaces
- Fire at or below ground level
- Stains or pools of hydrocarbons not usually present in the right-of-way
- Bubbles coming from bodies of water
- A loud roar or hissing sound
- Distinctive petroleum type odors, the smell of mercaptan, sulfur (rotten eggs), or a mild fragrant odor
- A dense white cloud or fog

On occasion, a pressure-relieving device may activate at a natural gas or CO2 aboveground pipeline facility. These devices are acting as designed to relieve pressure in the system to prevent over pressurization. Under no circumstances should a pressure relieving device be capped or valved off.

Pipeline Incident Response Tactics

The list below summarizes emergency response tactics to implement when you respond to a pipeline incident.

1. Assess the situation

- Approach with caution from upwind location.
- Isolate and secure the area.
- Employ ICS.
- Identify hazards.
- Identify and contact the pipeline operator using the emergency number listed on the pipeline marker.

2. Protect people, property & the environment

- Establish isolation zones and set up barriers.
- Rescue and evacuate people (if needed).
- Eliminate ignition sources.
- Stage apparatus and equipment based on atmospheric monitoring and weather conditions.
- If liquid products are involved, use appropriate defensive Hazardous Waste Operations & Emergency Response (HAZWOPER) procedures such as installing dikes and dams, if trained and equipped.
- Control fires, vapor and leaks. Do not extinguish burning fires. Protect exposures and coordinate isolation operations with pipeline personnel.
- Do not operate (open or close) valves or other pipeline equipment.
- Employ containment techniques if personnel are trained, equipped and it is safe to do so.
- Designate a safe location for bystanders and the media.

3. Call for assistance as needed

- Contact your local emergency response organization and/or national resources if needed.

Refer to PHMSA's Emergency Response Guidebook at www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg for additional information.

Additional Information:

National Pipeline Mapping System

www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov

NASFM's "Pipeline Emergencies"

www.pipelineemergencies.com

PHMSA Emergency Response Guidebook

www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Kinder Morgan Public Awareness

www.kindermorgan.com/public_awareness

Potential Hazards Associated With Pipeline Leaks

The following chart outlines potential hazards associated with the release of specific products that may be transported by Kinder Morgan:

Product	Description	Fire Hazard	Health Hazard	Response (Extinguishing Method)
Benzene - Typical	Colorless liquid, characteristic odor	Extremely flammable. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin.	Dry chemical or foam. Cover liquid spills with foam.
Butane - Typical (Butane, Normal Butane, Isobutane Mix)	Colorless liquid, characteristic odor	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2)
CO2 - Typical	Colorless, odorless gas	Nonflammable gas	Avoid direct contact with liquid product. Can cause frostbite. Vapors are nontoxic but can serve as an asphyxiant.	Isolate the area and monitor oxygen levels.
Crude - Heavy	Amber to black liquid with a mild hydrocarbon odor - like rotten eggs if mercaptan is present.	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam
Crude - Sour	Amber to black liquid with a mild hydrocarbon odor - like rotten eggs if mercaptan is present.	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam
Crude - Sweet	Amber to black liquid with a mild hydrocarbon odor - like rotten eggs if mercaptan is present.	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam
Denatured Ethanol-Typical	Colorless, water white liquid, with a mild fragrant odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide
Ethane - Typical	Colorless, odorless gas	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO2)
Ethane/Propane Mix - Typical (E/P Mix)	Colorless, odorless gas	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide (CO2)
Gasoline - Typical (Unleaded Gasoline)	Clear (may be dyed) liquid with a gasoline odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) or water fog
High Sulfur Diesel - Typical (petroleum hydrocarbons)	Clear (may be dyed) liquid with a hydrocarbon odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) or water fog. Water may be ineffective but should be used to keep fire exposed containers cool.
Kerosene - Typical	Clear (may be dyed) liquid with a petroleum or solvent odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide (CO2). For larger fires, use water spray or fog.
Low Sulfur and Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel - Typical	Clear yellow liquid with a petroleum odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) or water fog
Natural Gas Compressed Gas - Typical (Flammable)	Residue gas, sales gas	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2)
Natural Gas Condensate - Typical	Colorless liquid with a hydrocarbon odor - like rotten eggs if mercaptan is present	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide (CO2)
Propane - Typical (HD-5, Liquefied Propane Gas, LP-Gas, LPG)	Colorless, odorless liquefied gas	Flammable gas. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2)
Transmix - Typical (T-034; T-035; OHSU545)	Pink to bronze liquid with a gasoline odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2) or water fog
Turbine Fuel - Typical	Clear watery-white liquid with a faint hydrocarbon odor	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	Harmful or fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), water fog or vaporizing liquid type extinguishing agents

For specific information about each product, download the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) from Kinder Morgan's Web site at www.kindermorgan.com/public_awareness/AdditionalInformation/msds

Kinderg Morgan Hazardous Liquids & CO2 Pipelines In Your Community

Every day, more than two million miles of pipelines crisscross the United States safely transporting energy products. Pipelines are the backbone of our nation's energy transportation infrastructure. According to the National Transportation Safety Board, pipelines are the safest mode of fuel transportation, both for the public and the environment.

Kinderg Morgan is one of the largest pipeline operators in the United States and operates in numerous states. We have a strong safety record and are prepared to respond to and manage any disruptions that may occur.

Although rare, pipeline incidents can be dangerous and require caution and immediate action. In emergency situations, Kinderg Morgan's priority is to protect life, property and the environment.

Kinderg Morgan Cares About Your Safety

We want you to be aware of our pipelines and ask for your help in preventing damage to pipelines. Kinderg Morgan supports the Nation's Homeland Security efforts and encourages you to immediately report any suspicious persons and/or activities near the pipeline to your local law enforcement authorities by calling 911.

PRSKT. STD.
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID
HOUSTON, TEXAS
PERMIT 4885

KINDER MORGAN

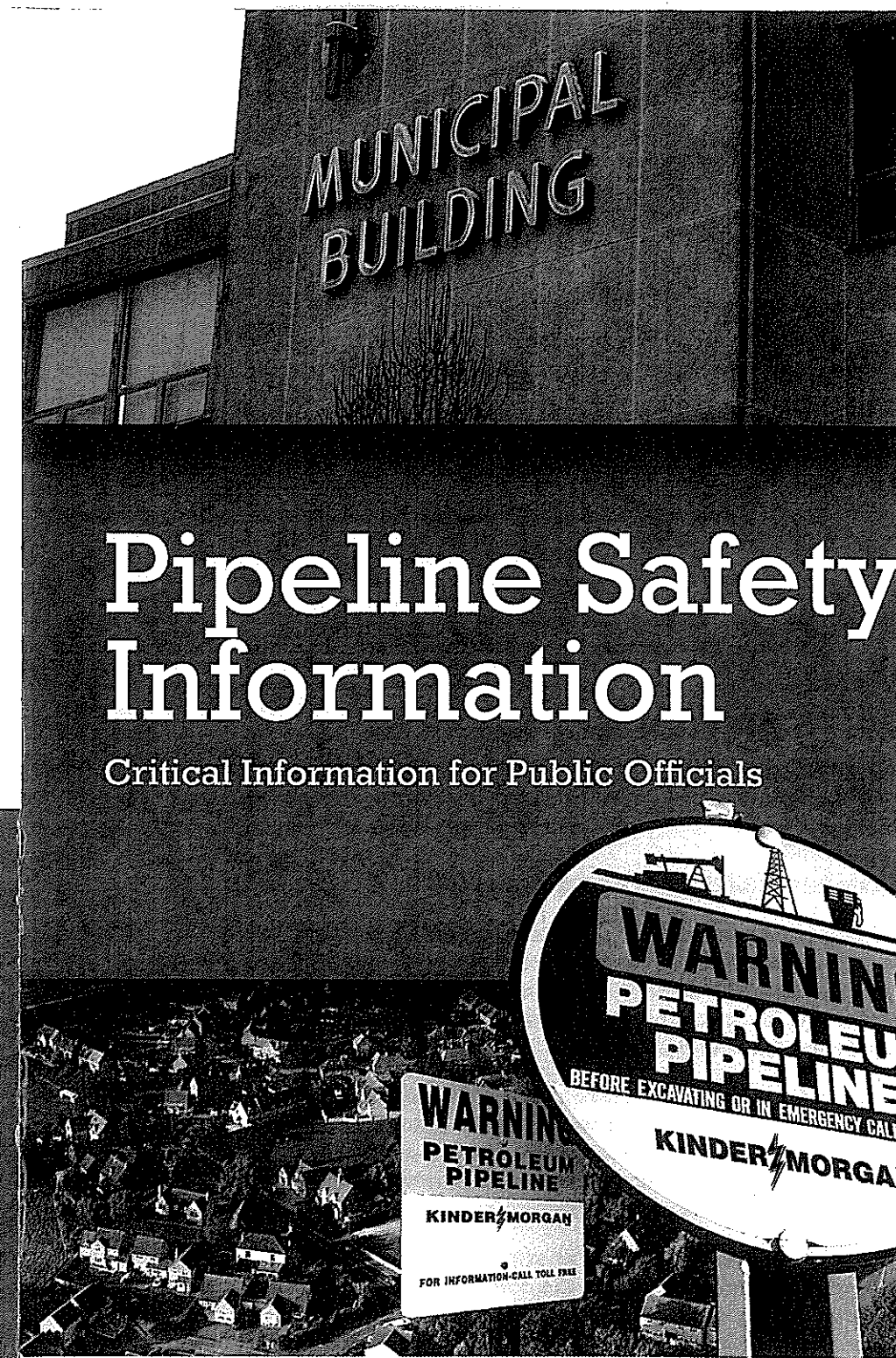
500 Dallas St.
Suite 1000
Houston, TX 77002

Emergency Contact Numbers:

When calling a non-toll free number, call collect.

Products	Southeast	Liquid Terminals
CalNev	Terminals LLC	Kinderg Morgan
Pipe Line	800-510-8678	Liquids
Company	West Coast	Terminals LLC
714-560-4411	Terminals LLC	Argo, Illinois
Central Florida	714-560-4411	866-499-2746
Pipeline Company	CO2	Carteret, New Jersey
800-510-8678	Kinderg Morgan	732-541-5161
Kinderg Morgan	CO2 Company, LP	Calena Park, Texas
Coctun LLC	877-390-8640	713-465-1231
800-265-6000	Crude	Pasadena, Texas
Kinderg Morgan	Kinderg Morgan	713-475-9235
Energy Partners, LP	Pipelines	Perth Amboy,
(Cypress Pipeline)	(USA) Inc.	New Jersey
800-265-6000	888-449-7539	732-826-1144
Plantation	Kinderg Morgan	St. Gabriel, Louisiana
Pipe Line	Wink Pipeline, LP	877-217-5243
Company	866-794-6494	Corporate
800-510-8678	Trans Mountain	Headquarters
SEPP LP	Pipeline (Puget	NON-EMERGENCY
714-560-4411	Sound) LLC	INQUIRIES ONLY
	888-876-6711	713-369-9000

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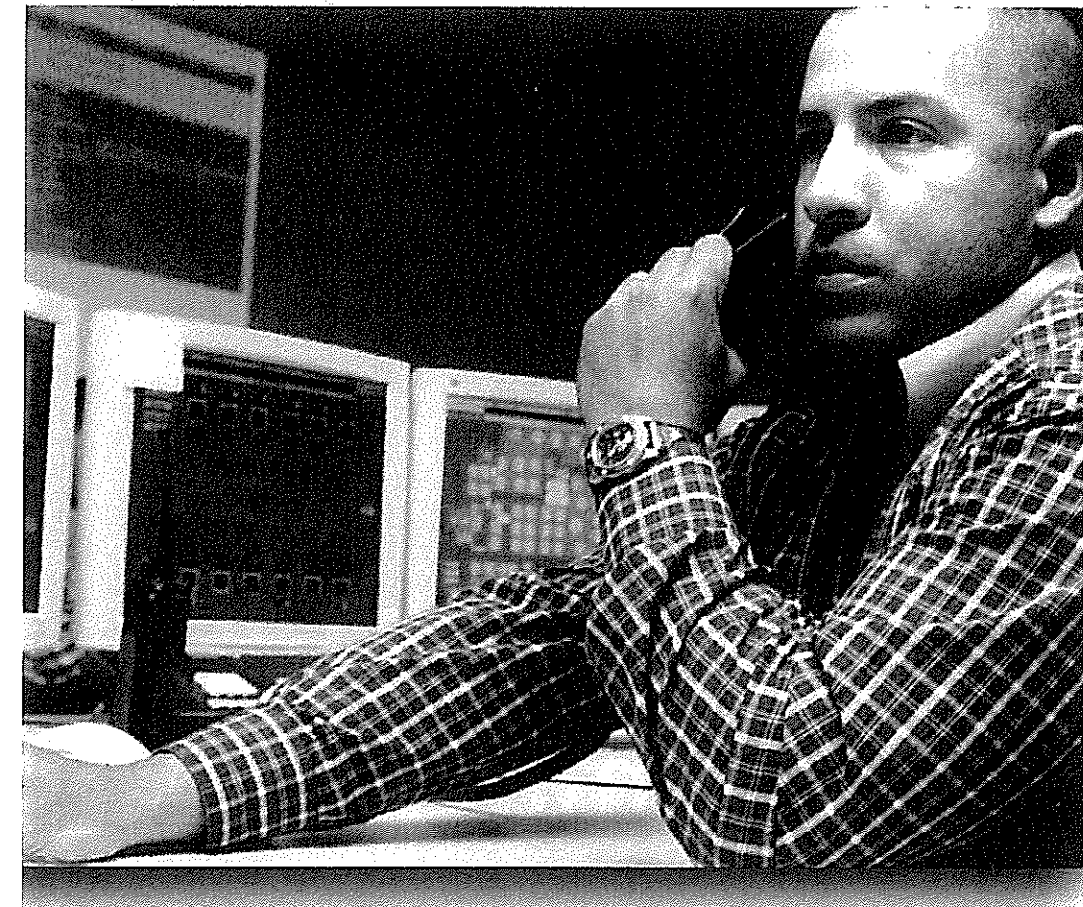
Pipeline Safety Information

Critical Information for Public Officials



FOR MORE INFORMATION PLEASE VISIT
WWW.KINDERMORGAN.COM/PUBLIC_AWARENESS

KINDER MORGAN



Pipeline Safety Procedures & 24/7 Monitoring

Kinder Morgan monitors its pipeline system 24-hours a day from its state-of-the-art System Control Center. We ensure public safety and safe pipeline operations through employee training, regular testing, aerial and right-of-way foot patrols and adherence to our comprehensive Integrity Management plan and procedures.

Using remote monitoring technology within the pipeline system, we can quickly detect changes in pressure or volume and can shutdown and reroute sections of the pipeline. In addition, our above ground facilities, such as pumping stations and storage tanks, may be equipped with emergency shutdown features and fire suppression technology.

These measures demonstrate Kinder Morgan's commitment to safe pipeline operation and our dedication to the communities where we live and work. Kinder Morgan communicates and shares information with the appropriate Emergency Officials in your community. If you wish to obtain additional information about our Emergency Preparedness Communications, or for more information about Kinder Morgan and our efforts to ensure safe pipeline operations, visit www.kindermorgan.com/public_awareness.

Working Together To Protect Pipelines & Right-of-Ways

In addition to 24-hour monitoring and on-going safety and security procedures, Kinder Morgan relies on public and government officials to alert the company about upcoming changes to roadways, bridges, zoning and other capital projects. Advanced notice allows Kinder Morgan to work together with community planning committees and land use personnel to address impact to the pipeline or right-of-way.

Kinder Morgan requests that you, public and government officials, notify us when you observe potential right-of-way restriction violations or potential damage to our facilities, which could endanger public safety. We support your enforcement of "Call Before You Dig" requirements in states where they apply.

Excavation activity is the most common cause of serious pipeline damage. In most states, residents, excavators and farmers are required by law to call 811 or their local One-Call center at least two or three working days before starting an excavation project to have underground utilities marked. Best practices encourage highway maintenance personnel and municipalities to call 811 before excavating.

Unauthorized building or planting in the pipeline right-of-way is known as encroachment. Kinder Morgan regularly conducts maintenance to trim trees and remove shrubs or structures that prohibit the company from clearly viewing the pipeline corridor during aerial or foot patrols and regular maintenance activities.

Please contact us if you know of places where trees, plants or structures are located on the pipeline right-of-way or if you see individuals digging in areas where underground utilities are not marked.

Locating Pipelines In Your Community

Pipeline markers are located along the right-of-way, at road intersections, waterways, railroad crossings and all above ground facilities. They identify the general area but not the exact location of the pipe. Markers specify the type of product transported, the operator's name and emergency contact number.

The federal government also provides maps that show the approximate location of transmission pipelines in your community through the **National Pipeline Mapping System** at www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov. Government and safety officials can access additional information and download electronic files to import into emergency preparedness GIS mapping systems.



Land Use Planning and Transmission Pipelines

Construction activity near transmission pipelines increases the risk of excavation damage. The risk of being affected by a transmission pipeline incident depends on the distance from the pipeline.

Over the past 70 years, a nationwide pipeline system has been constructed to transport natural gas, CO₂ and petroleum products. Subsequent growth of communities has converted many of these areas into housing developments, shopping centers and business parks.

The proximity of people to pipelines poses significant safety challenges that are of concern to all stakeholders, including property developers, planning organizations, Local, State, and Federal officials, first responders and the public.

Care must be taken to protect people and the environment from the impacts of pipeline incidents and to prevent damage to transmission pipelines that can result from right-of-way encroachment and careless excavation.

For more information regarding land use planning near pipelines, please visit: <http://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/comm/pipa/landuseplanning.html>

Leak Recognition & Response

Although rare, pipeline incidents can be dangerous and require caution and immediate action.

Know the signs of a leak:

- Dead vegetation, liquid on the ground near the pipeline, dirt being blown into the air, fire or a dense white cloud or fog
- Hissing or roaring sound
- Strong petroleum like odor or a mild fragrant odor

If a leak occurs:

- Leave the area immediately in an upwind direction and warn others to stay away.
- Do not light a match, start an engine, use a telephone or cell phone or turn on/off any electrical appliances, and avoid potential ignition sources which may cause an explosion or

- Once you are a safe distance away from the potential leak, call 911 to engage local emergency response officials and Kinder Morgan.
- Do not drive into an area where you suspect a leak or vapor cloud, and do not touch or operate pipeline valves.
- Avoid making contact with escaping liquids or vapors as potential hazards may include eye, skin and respiratory irritation and the product may be highly flammable.

Account types: How many accounts we have or each type and the usage by account type for the month

Types 2013	#	1/1-1/31	#	2/1-2/28	#	3/1-3/31	#	4/1-4/30	#	5/1-5/31	#	6/1-6/30	#	7/1-7/31	#	8/1-8/31	#	9/1-9/30	#	
Church		92		133		78		100		12 301		12 457		12 638		12 927		12 337		12
Commercial		10,260		9,298		9,213		12,297		345 22,494		345 22,832		347 35,146		345 39,721		346 17,962		346
Industrial		10,836		8,994		12,764		12,835		102 21,645		102 21,258		103 25,708		104 27,846		104 15,174		103
Multifamily		20,530		20,389		17,949		19,128		465 32,159		467 27,120		469 37,687		471 35,447		472 22,482		469
Only Irrig		135		139		257		2,434		92 10,529		99 13,605		100 23,848		101 21,979		100 10,065		97
Public		7,017		5,399		4,862		5,029		66 8,291		66 9,744		66 12,366		66 17,279		66 10,376		66
Residential		20,882		18,703		17,174		20,692		3,947 32,516		5,042 32,586		3,996 57,016		4,003 46,142		4,018 32,984		4,005
Totals		69,752		63,055		62,297		72,515		5,029 127,935		6,133 127,602		5,093 192,409		5,102 189,341		5,118 109,380		5,098

if we look at the detail of the report it list all meters....we could then break it down to how much is water vs irrigation for each type and the number of meters in each category instead of Account numbers. Or maybe eden could alter the report to give us the numbers we need.

Types 2014	#	1/1-1/31	#	2/1-2/28	#	3/1-3/31	#	4/1-4/30	#	5/1-5/31	#	6/1-6/30	#	7/1-7/31	#	8/1-8/31	#	9/1-9/30	#	
Church	12	110	12	79	12	69	12	119	12	132	12	316	12	462						
Commercial	346	12,054	345	9,133	345	8,984	345	11,022	347	15,150	348	20,498	348	29,145						
Industrial	103	12,592	103	10,050	103	11,097	103	13,464	103	17,244	103	20,571	103	26,577						
Multifamily	470	23,423	470	19,136	471	17,625	472	21,233	472	23,824	473	28,482	473	35,074						
Only Irrig	99	51	99	29	100	238	102	1,262	103	4,162	112	16,873	115	25,057						
Public	67	7,185	67	5,414	67	4,419	67	5,145	67	6,070	67	8,441	67	12,324						
Residential	4056	22,082	4,056	18,311	4,062	16,482	4,093	21,279	4,113	25,497	4,135	35,275	4,160	51,981						
Totals	5153	77,497	5,152	62,152	5,160	58,914	5,194	73,524	5,217	92,079	5,250	130,456	5,278	180,620	-	-	-	-	-	-

10/1-10/31	#	11/1-11/30	#	12/1-12/31
101	12	104	12	105
19,146	345	13,006	346	11,554
13,706	103	12,117	103	10,779
22,738	469	21,413	469	20,154
724	98	159	99	63
12,567	67	5,961	67	6,052
21,298	4,036	20,457	4,045	20,795
90,280	5,130	73,217	5,141	69,502

10/1-10/31	#	11/1-11/30	#	12/1-12/31
-	-	-	-	-

**VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC's)
RAW WATER
Willamette River Water Treatment Plant**

April, 2014

Sample	Analyte	Results (mg/L)	RL (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)
04/09/14	Benzene	ND	0.00050	0.005
04/09/14	Bromobenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Bromochloromethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.0010	
04/09/14	Bromoform	ND	0.0010	
04/09/14	Bromomethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	n-Butylbenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	sec-Butylbenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	tert-Butylbenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.00050	0.005
04/09/14	Chlorobenzene	ND	0.00050	0.1
04/09/14	Chloroethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Chloroform	ND	0.0010	
04/09/14	Chloromethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	2-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	4-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane	ND	0.00050	0.0002
04/09/14	Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.0010	
04/09/14	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Dibromomethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.00050	0.6
04/09/14	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.00050	0.075
04/09/14	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.00050	0.005
04/09/14	1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.00050	0.007
04/09/14	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.00050	0.07
04/09/14	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.00050	0.1
04/09/14	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.00050	0.005
04/09/14	1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Ethylbenzene	ND	0.00050	0.7
04/09/14	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Isopropylbenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Dichloromethane	ND	0.00050	0.005
04/09/14	p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Naphthalene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	n-Propylbenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Styrene	ND	0.00050	0.1

**VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC's)
 RAW WATER
 Willamette River Water Treatment Plant**

April, 2014

Sample	Analyte	Results (mg/L)	RL (mg/L)	MCL (mg/L)
04/09/14	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Tetrachloroethene	ND	0.00050	0.005
04/09/14	Toluene	ND	0.00050	1.0
04/09/14	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.00050	0.07
04/09/14	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.00050	0.2
04/09/14	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.00050	0.005
04/09/14	Trichloroethene	ND	0.00050	0.005
04/09/14	Trichloroflouromethane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.00050	
04/09/14	Vinyl Chloride	ND	0.00050	0.002
04/09/14	Xylenes (total)	ND	0.0010	10

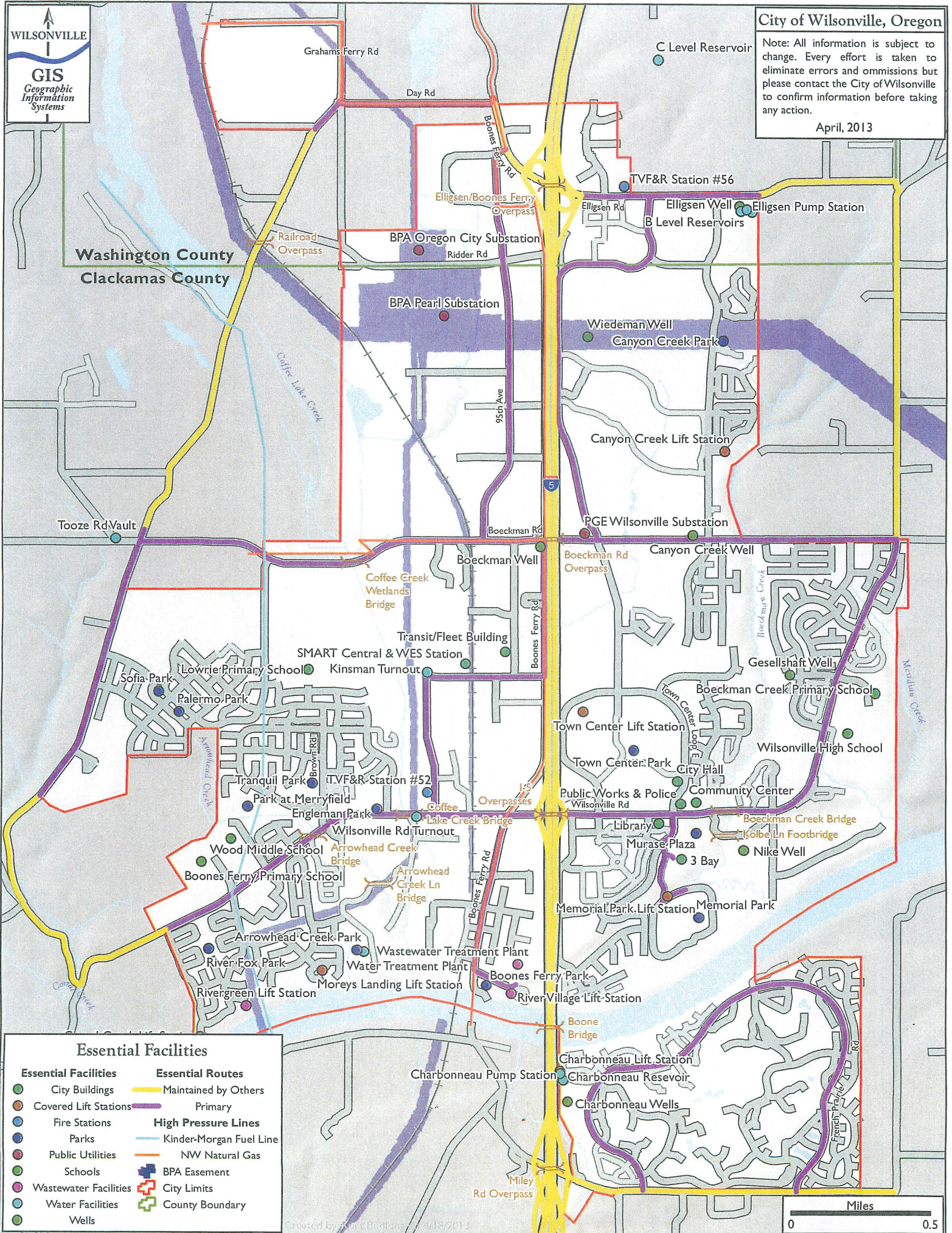
Notes:

RL-Laboratory Reporting Limit

ND - Not detected above reporting limit

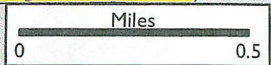
MCL (Maximum Contaminant Level) does not apply to raw/untrea

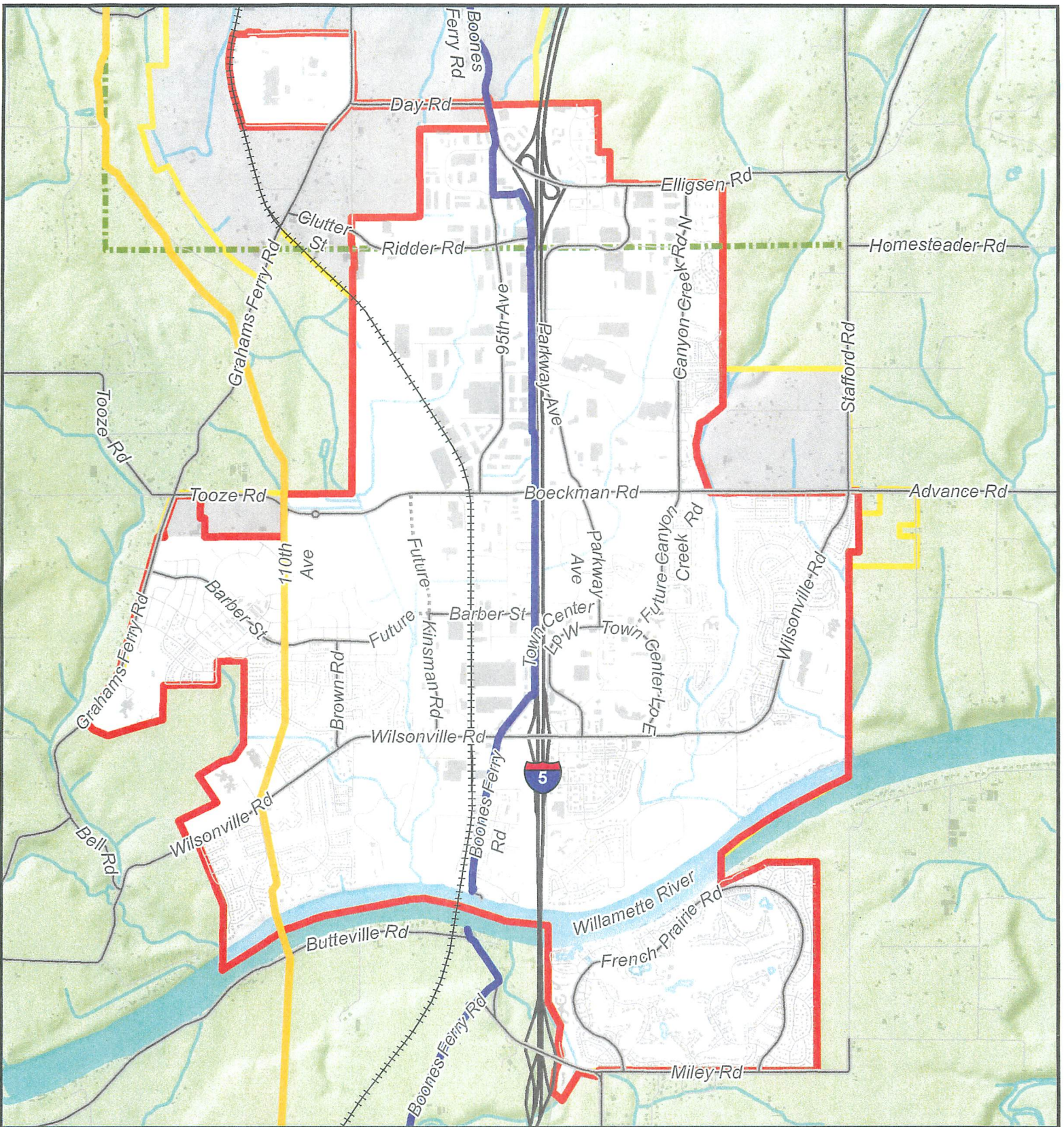
Note: All information is subject to change. Every effort is taken to eliminate errors and omissions but please contact the City of Wilsonville to confirm information before taking any action.
April, 2013



Essential Facilities


- | Essential Facilities | Essential Routes |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| ● City Buildings | — Maintained by Others |
| ● Covered Lift Stations | — Primary |
| ● Fire Stations | High Pressure Lines |
| ● Parks | — Kinder-Morgan Fuel Line |
| ● Public Utilities | — NW Natural Gas |
| ● Schools | — BPA Easement |
| ● Wastewater Facilities | — City Limits |
| ● Water Facilities | — County Boundary |
| ● Wells | |





The City of Wilsonville, Oregon
 Clackamas and Washington Counties

National Pipeline Management System

-  NORTHWEST NATURAL GAS CO
-  SFPP, LP

NPMS Data Sharing

This product is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for, or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. Users of this information should review or consult the primary data and information sources to ascertain the usability of the information.



9/3/2014



City of Wilsonville

Spill Response, Reporting Policy and Procedures

Procedures

If the material is a hazardous substance, and of sufficient quantity to pose health risks to responders and the general public:

Call 911 immediately.

Parties Responsible for Responding to Spills & Releases:

Wastewater Treatment Plant and Lift Stations

- WWTP Supervisor Robert Watts: 971-219-5688
- Emergency Pager: 503-441-0200

Wastewater Collection Lines and Manholes

- Roads Supervisor Arnie Gray: 503-519-0375
- Emergency Pager: 866-252-3614

Industries

- Pretreatment Coordinator Randy Watson: 503-522-7763
- Emergency Pager: 503-441-0200

Streets and Storm Water System

- Roads Supervisor Arnie Gray: 503-519-0375
- Emergency Pager: 866-252-3614

Parties Responsible for Reporting to DEQ & OERS:

Wastewater Treatment Plant and the Sanitary Sewer System

- WWTP Supervisor Robert Watts: 971-219-5688

Industries

- Pretreatment Coordinator Randy Watson: 503-522-7763

Streets and/or Storm Water System

- Storm Water Mgt Coordinator Luke Bushman: 503-522-7764

Spill response and follow-up will be based upon an incident assessment, which satisfies all required safety procedures.

Reportable Quantity

Reportable quantity as defined in OAR 340-142-0050 (Division 142). A list of reportable quantities is available at www.deq.state.or.us/regulations/rules

Examples:

Spills of oils that are discharged into waters of the state or in a location from which it is likely to escape into waters of the state any quantity of oil that would produce a visible film, sheen, oily slick, oily solids or coat aquatic life, habitat or property with oil;

Spill on the surface of the land and not likely to escape into waters of the state, any quantity of oil or hazardous material over one barrel (42 gal);

If the amount of oil or hazardous material exceeds the reportable quantity in any 24 hr period, this is also a reportable quantity.

Reporting

After determination of a reportable spill or release contact:

Sanitary or Storm Water Discharge ~ Oregon Emergency Response System (OERS): 800-452-0311
Sanitary Discharge within 24 hrs of the Incident ~ DEQ: 503-229-5295

Provide the Following:

- Location of the Spill or Release
- Receiving Water (if there is one)
- Estimate of the Volume of Spill or Release
- Where the Spill or Release Occurred
- Date and Time When it Started and Stopped

Give the above details and follow up on DEQ requirements.

DEQ must receive within **five days** of a reportable spill or release, a **written report** with required permit reporting information. A reporting form is available online from DEQ at www.deq.state.or.us/lq/pubs/forms/cu/SpillReleaseReportForm.pdf

Spill Response and Reporting Emergency Contact List

Fire, Hazard, Emergencies

Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue: 911

Police

Clackamas County Sheriff: 503-682-8218

Clackamas County Sheriff Dispatch: 503-682-8211

Hospitals

Legacy Meridian Park: 503-692-1212

Providence St Vincent's: 503-216-1234

Reporting

Oregon Emergency Response System (OERS): 800-452-0311

DEQ Pollution Report: 503-229-5393

DEQ Waste Water, Lyle Christensen: 503-229-5295

DEQ Storm Water, Benjamin Benninghoff: 503-229-5185

Emergency Response Contractors

Waste Water Treatment Plant Pager: 503-441-0200

Bravo Environmental: 503-261-9800

Kurka Contracting (Ron): 503-428-0758

Water Truck Service (Don): 503-969-9557